



Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims replaces all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

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Listing of Claims:

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1. (Currently Amended) A method for spatially modulating radiation comprising:
directing at least one radiation beam upon at least one surface acoustic wave reflective
diffractive element;
and driving at least one of said surface acoustic reflective diffractive elements with a
plurality of modulating signals to generate a plurality of independently modulated output
radiation beams having parameters.
2. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the modulating signals are electrical.
3. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the driving comprises modulating at
least one output radiation beam parameter selected from the group consisting of the direction, the
amplitude, phase, and frequency of the modulated output radiation beams.
4. (Original) The method of claim 2 wherein the driving comprises applying a
plurality of separate modulating signals for each surface acoustic wave diffractive element.
5. (Original) The method of claim 4 wherein at least one of the modulating signals
is characterized by a plurality of frequencies.
6. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the radiation beam directing is with a
laser.
7. (Original previously rewritten in independent form) A method for spatially
modulating radiation comprising:
directing at least one radiation beam upon at least one surface acoustic wave
diffractive element;

and driving at least one of said surface acoustic diffractive elements with a plurality of modulating signals to generate a plurality of modulated output radiation beams having parameters,

wherein the radiation beam directing is with a pulsed radiation beam.

8. (Original) The method of claim 7 including timing the pulse of radiation to diffract from a surface acoustic wave diffractive element after a predetermined diffractive pattern has propagated to a predetermined location.

9. (Original) The method of claim 1 and further comprising directing the modulated output radiation beams upon photosensitive material.

10. (Currently Amended) Apparatus for spatially modulating radiation comprising:
at least one surface acoustic wave reflective diffractive element, each element having at least one reflective [[a]] surface,

at least one transducer of surface acoustic waves,

a source of a plurality of modulating signals driving the at least one transducer to transduce a surface acoustic wave in the surface of at least one of said surface acoustic wave reflective diffractive elements,

a source of at least one input radiation beam constructed and arranged so that at least a portion of the input radiation beam strikes a reflective surface of a surface acoustic wave reflective diffractive element from outside the surface of that surface acoustic wave reflective diffractive element,

and a plurality of modulated output radiation beams modulated by respective ones of said modulating signals.

11. (Original) The apparatus of claim 10 wherein the source of radiation is a laser having a cavity.

12. (Original previously rewritten in independent form) Apparatus for spatially modulating radiation comprising:

at least one surface acoustic wave diffractive element, each element having a surface,

at least one transducer of surface acoustic waves,

a source of a plurality of modulating signals driving the at least one transducer to transduce a surface acoustic wave in the surface of at least one of said surface acoustic wave diffractive elements,

a source of at least one input radiation beam constructed and arranged so that at least a portion of the input radiation beam strikes a surface acoustic wave diffractive element from outside the surface of that surface acoustic wave diffractive element,

and a plurality of modulated output radiation beams modulated by respective ones of said modulating signals,

wherein the source of radiation is a laser having a cavity,

wherein the surface acoustic wave diffractive elements are positioned inside the laser cavity so as to direct the output radiation beams out of the laser cavity.

13. (Original) The apparatus of claim 12 further comprising an optical beam director system in optical communication with the at least one surface acoustic wave diffraction element, which optical beam director system is constructed and arranged to direct the input radiation beam into the laser cavity and the modulated radiation beams out of the laser cavity.

14. (Original) The apparatus of claim 10 wherein said at least one surface acoustic wave diffractive element has an active area.

15. (Original) The apparatus of claim 14 wherein the active area is a piezoelectric.

16. (Original) The apparatus of claim 14 wherein said active area has a reflectivity greater than zero.

17. (Original) The apparatus of claim 14 wherein said active area has a transmissivity greater than zero.

18. (Original previously rewritten in independent form) Apparatus for spatially modulating radiation comprising:

at least one surface acoustic wave diffractive element, each element having a surface,

at least one transducer of surface acoustic waves,

a source of a plurality of modulating signals driving the at least one transducer to transduce a surface acoustic wave in the surface of at least one of said surface acoustic wave diffractive elements,

a source of at least one input radiation beam constructed and arranged so that at least a portion of the input radiation beam strikes a surface acoustic wave diffractive element from outside the surface of that surface acoustic wave diffractive element,

and a plurality of modulated output radiation beams modulated by respective ones of said modulating signals,

wherein said at least one surface acoustic wave diffractive element has an active area,

wherein the active area is patterned.

19. (Original previously rewritten in independent form) Apparatus for spatially modulating radiation comprising:

at least one surface acoustic wave diffractive element, each element having a surface,

at least one transducer of surface acoustic waves,

a source of a plurality of modulating signals driving the at least one transducer to transduce a surface acoustic wave in the surface of at least one of said surface acoustic wave diffractive elements,

a source of at least one input radiation beam constructed and arranged so that at least a portion of the input radiation beam strikes a surface acoustic wave diffractive element from outside the surface of that surface acoustic wave diffractive element,

and a plurality of modulated output radiation beams modulated by respective ones of said modulating signals,

wherein said at least one surface acoustic wave diffractive element has an active area,

wherein said active area is on a curved surface.

20. (Original previously rewritten in independent form) Apparatus for spatially modulating radiation comprising:

at least one surface acoustic wave diffractive element, each element having a surface,

at least one transducer of surface acoustic waves,

a source of a plurality of modulating signals driving the at least one transducer to transduce a surface acoustic wave in the surface of at least one of said surface acoustic wave diffractive elements,

a source of at least one input radiation beam constructed and arranged so that at least a portion of the input radiation beam strikes a surface acoustic wave diffractive element from outside the surface of that surface acoustic wave diffractive element,

and a plurality of modulated output radiation beams modulated by respective ones of said modulating signals,

wherein said active area comprises multiple regions with different materials.

21. (Original) The apparatus of claim 14 wherein the transducer comprises interdigital electrodes deposited on top of a piezoelectric substrate.

22. (Original) The apparatus of claim 21 wherein the interdigital electrodes are regularly spaced.

23. (Original previously rewritten in independent form) Apparatus for spatially modulating radiation comprising:

at least one surface acoustic wave diffractive element, each element having a surface,

at least one transducer of surface acoustic waves,

a source of a plurality of modulating signals driving the at least one transducer to transduce a surface acoustic wave in the surface of at least one of said surface acoustic wave diffractive elements,

a source of at least one input radiation beam constructed and arranged so that at least a portion of the input radiation beam strikes a surface acoustic wave diffractive element from outside the surface of that surface acoustic wave diffractive element,

and a plurality of modulated output radiation beams modulated by respective ones of said modulating signals,

wherein said at least one surface acoustic wave diffractive element has an active area,

wherein the transducer comprises interdigital electrodes deposited on top of a piece of electric substrate,

wherein the interdigital electrodes are irregularly spaced.

24. (Original previously rewritten in independent form) Apparatus for spatially modulating radiation comprising:

at least one surface acoustic wave diffractive element, each element having a surface,

at least one transducer of surface acoustic waves,

a source of a plurality of modulating signals driving the at least one transducer to transduce a surface acoustic wave in the surface of at least one of said surface acoustic wave diffractive elements,

a source of at least one input radiation beam constructed and arranged so that at least a portion of the input radiation beam strikes a surface acoustic wave diffractive element from outside the surface of that surface acoustic wave diffractive element,

and a plurality of modulated output radiation beams modulated by respective ones of said modulating signals,

wherein the transducer is used to generate surface acoustic waves in the plurality of active areas.

25. (Original) The apparatus of claim 24 wherein the at least one transducer responds to at least one frequency of the modulating signals.

26. (Original previously rewritten in independent form) Apparatus for spatially modulating radiation comprising:

at least one surface acoustic wave diffractive element, each element having a surface,

at least one transducer of surface acoustic waves,

a source of a plurality of modulating signals driving the at least one transducer to transduce a surface acoustic wave in the surface of at least one of said surface acoustic wave diffractive elements,

a source of at least one input radiation beam constructed and arranged so that at least a portion of the input radiation beam strikes a surface acoustic wave diffractive element from outside the surface of that surface acoustic wave diffractive element,

and a plurality of modulated output radiation beams modulated by respective ones of said modulating signals,

wherein said at least one surface acoustic wave diffractive element has an active area,

and further comprising a second transducer, the at least one transducer being electrically connected to said second transducer.

27. (Original previously rewritten in independent form) Apparatus for spatially modulating radiation comprising:

at least one surface acoustic wave diffractive element, each element having a surface,

at least one transducer of surface acoustic waves,

a source of a plurality of modulating signals driving the at least one transducer to transduce a surface acoustic wave in the surface of at least one of said surface acoustic wave diffractive elements,

a source of at least one input radiation beam constructed and arranged so that at least a portion of the input radiation beam strikes a surface acoustic wave diffractive element from outside the surface of that surface acoustic wave diffractive element,

and a plurality of modulated output radiation beams modulated by respective ones of said modulating signals,

wherein said at least one surface acoustic wave diffractive element has an active area,

and further comprising at least one second transducer constructed and arranged to transduce acoustic energy into electrical energy.

28. (Originally previously rewritten in independent form) Apparatus for spatially modulating radiation comprising:

at least one surface acoustic wave diffractive element, each element having a surface,

at least one transducer of surface acoustic waves,

a source of a plurality of modulating signals driving the at least one transducer to transduce a surface acoustic wave in the surface of at least one of said surface acoustic wave diffractive elements,

a source of at least one input radiation beam constructed and arranged so that at least a portion of the input radiation beam strikes a surface acoustic wave diffractive element from outside the surface of that surface acoustic wave diffractive element,

and a plurality of modulated output radiation beams modulated by respective ones of said modulating signals,

wherein said at least one surface acoustic wave diffractive element has an active area,

and further comprising a second surface acoustic wave diffractive element wherein the at least one surface acoustic wave diffractive element is located on the same substrate as the second surface acoustic wave diffractive element.

29. (Original) The apparatus of claim 28 wherein the at least a first surface acoustic wave diffractive element is separated from the at least a second surface acoustic wave diffractive element by gaps in the substrate.

30. (Original) Apparatus for spatially modulating radiation comprising:

at least one surface acoustic wave diffractive element, each element having a surface,

at least one transducer of surface acoustic waves,

a source of a plurality of modulating signals driving the at least one transducer to transduce a surface acoustic wave in the surface of at least one of said surface acoustic wave diffractive elements,

a source of at least one input radiation beam constructed and arranged so that at least a portion of the input radiation beam strikes a surface acoustic wave diffractive element from outside the surface of that surface acoustic wave diffractive element,

and a plurality of modulated output radiation beams modulated by respective ones of said modulating signals,

wherein the source of modulating signals provides radio frequency electrical signals.

31. (Previously Added, Rewritten in Independent Form) Apparatus for spatially modulating radiation comprising:

at least one surface acoustic wave diffractive element, each element having a surface,

at least one transducer of surface acoustic waves,

a source of a plurality of modulating signals driving the at least one transducer to transduce a surface acoustic wave in the surface of at least one of said surface acoustic wave diffractive elements,

a source of at least one input radiation beam constructed and arranged so that at least a portion of the input radiation beam strikes a surface acoustic wave diffractive element from outside the surface of that surface acoustic wave diffractive element,

and a plurality of modulated output radiation beams modulated by respective ones of said modulating signals,

wherein said at least one surface acoustic wave diffractive element has an active area, and
wherein said at least one surface acoustic wave diffractive element has first and second active areas characterized by different mechanical responses.

32. (Previously added) The apparatus of claim 14 wherein said active area comprises at least one thin membrane.

33. (Previously Added, Rewritten in Independent Form) Apparatus for spatially modulating radiation comprising:

at least one surface acoustic wave diffractive element, each element having a surface,

at least one transducer of surface acoustic waves,

a source of a plurality of modulating signals driving the at least one transducer to transduce a surface acoustic wave in the surface of at least one of said surface acoustic wave diffractive elements,

a source of at least one input radiation beam constructed and arranged so that at least a portion of the input radiation beam strikes a surface acoustic wave diffractive element from outside the surface of that surface acoustic wave diffractive element,
and a plurality of modulated output radiation beams modulated by respective ones of said modulating signals,

wherein said at least one surface acoustic wave diffractive element has an active area, and
wherein said active area is constructed and arranged to magnify the amplitude of the surface acoustic wave.

34. (Previously added, Rewritten in Independent Form) Apparatus for spatially modulating radiation comprising:

at least one surface acoustic wave diffractive element, each element having a surface,

at least one transducer of surface acoustic waves,

a source of a plurality of modulating signals driving the at least one transducer to transduce a surface acoustic wave in the surface of at least one of said surface acoustic wave diffractive elements,

a source of at least one input radiation beam constructed and arranged so that at least a portion of the input radiation beam strikes a surface acoustic wave diffractive element from outside the surface of that surface acoustic wave diffractive element,

and a plurality of modulated output radiation beams modulated by respective ones of said modulating signals,

wherein said at least one surface acoustic wave diffractive element has an active area, and

wherein said surface acoustic waves are flexural waves.